each a foreign claims commission and have delegated authority to:

- (i) Settle claims for payment of \$50,000 or less.
 - (ii) Deny a claim in any amount.
- (4) The SJAs of PACAF, USAFE, 9AF (for CENTCOM) and AFSPACECOM (for Greenland and Canada) are each a foreign claims commission and have delegated authority to approve claims for payment arising within their geographic area of responsibility for \$50,000 or less, or deny claims of \$50,000 or less.
- (5) The SJAs of Numbered Air Forces in PACAF and USAFE; the SJA of HQ TUSLOG; the SJA of 12AF (for South America); and the SJAs of Lajes AB, Azores, Patrick AFB, FL, and Howard AFB, Panama are each a foreign claims commission and have delegated authority to:
- (i) Recommend payment in any amount.
- (ii) Settle claims for payment of \$25,000 or less.
 - (iii) Deny claims for \$50,000 or less.
- (6) The SJAs of each Air Force base, station and fixed installation in PACAF, USAFE, and CENTCOM, are each a foreign claims commission and have delegated authority to:
- (i) Recommend payment in any amount.
- (ii) Settle claims for payment of \$10,000 or less.
 - (iii) Deny claims for \$25,000 or less.
- (b) Authority to appoint FCCs. (1) The Chief, Claims and Tort Litigation Staff, has the delegated authority to appoint a judge advocate or civilian attorney as a FCC and to redelegate all or a part of his or her settlement authority to that FCC.
- (2) A settlement authority appointed as a FCC in paragraph (a) of this section may appoint one or more subordinate judge advocates or civilian attorneys as FCCs, and may redelegate all or part of that settlement authority to those FCCs, in writing. Every FCC must have authority to settle claims for at least \$10,000.
- (c) Authority to reduce, withdraw, or restore settlement authority. Any superior settlement authority may reduce, withdraw, or restore delegated authority, in writing, except no one may re-

duce or withdraw the authority of a FCC to settle claims for \$10,000 or less.

- (d) Settlement negotiations. A settlement authority may settle a claim in any sum within its settlement authority, regardless of the amount claimed. Send uncompromised claims in excess of the delegated authority through claims channels to the level with settlement authority. Unsuccessful negotiations at one level do not bind higher authority.
- (e) Special exceptions. Do not settle claims for medical malpractice without HQ USAF/JACC approval.

[55 FR 2809, Jan. 29, 1990, as amended at 55 FR 32076, Aug. 7, 1990; 56 FR 1574, Jan. 16, 1991]

§842.58 Filing a claim.

- (a) How and when filed. A claim is filed when a federal agency receives from a claimant or authorized agent a properly completed SF 95 or other signed and written demand for money damages in a sum certain. A claim belonging to another agency is promptly transferred to the appropriate agency.
- (b) Amending a claim. A claimant may amend a claim at any time prior to final action. An amendment must be in writing and signed by the claimant or authorized agent.

§ 842.59 Advance payments.

Subpart Q outlines procedures for advance payments.

§842.60 Statute of limitations.

- (a) A claim must be filed in writing within 2 years after it accrues. It accrues when the claimant discovers or reasonably should have discovered the existence of the act that resulted in the claimed loss or injury.
- (b) In computing the statutory time period, the day of the incident is excluded and the day the claim was filed is included.
- (c) War or armed conflict does not toll the statute of limitations.

§842.61 Who may file a claim.

- (a) Owners of the property or their authorized agents for property damage.
- (b) Injured persons or other authorized agents for personal injury.
- (c) Executors or administrators of a decedent's estate, or any other person